

Oklahoma Department of Corrections

# Demographics

(as of June 28, 2013)

<u>RACE</u>	<u>NO.</u>	<u>PERCENT</u>
Caucasian	14,308	53.9%
African American	7,451	28.1%
Native American	2,571	9.7%
Hispanic	2,048	7.7%
Other	161	0.6%

<u>OFFENSE</u>	<u>NO.</u>	<u>PERCENT</u>
Distribution Drugs	4,604	17.3%
Assault	3,096	11.7%
Poss/Obtain Drugs	2,600	9.8%
Robbery	2,256	8.5%

Kate Barnard Community  
Corrections Center

## Statistics

Opened: May 2003  
Location: Oklahoma City  
Security: Community  
Capacity: 260  
Gender: Female

### STANDING PROUD

#### MISSION

To Protect the Public  
To Protect the Employee  
To Protect the Offender

#### VISION

The Department of Corrections will  
create a culture that

Empowers Individuals  
Encourages Teamwork  
Employs Best Practices  
Embraces Diversity

Kate Barnard  
Community Corrections Center  
3300 Martin Luther King Avenue  
Oklahoma City, OK 73111  
(405) 425-2900

Oklahoma Department of Corrections  
3400 Martin Luther King Avenue  
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298  
(405) 425-2500

## OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

# Kate Barnard

COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS CENTER

Sharon Harrison  
District Supervisor

Lydia McBride  
Assistant District Supervisor



# History

The Kate Barnard Community Corrections Center (KBCCC ) opened in June 1977, (then known as the Kate Barnard Community Treatment Center) with a capacity of 96, designated to house first time incarcerated non-violent male offenders serving a sentence of 5 years or less. The facility was a former motel located near the intersection of Highway 74 and Interstate 44 in Oklahoma City. In 1992, the facility was converted to a female facility with a capacity of 162. In 2012, due to major infrastructure issues, the offenders were relocated to the Hillside Community Corrections Center (HCCC).

HCCC had formerly been the Mabel Bassett Correctional Center (MBCC) located just a few yards southeast of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections (ODOC) Administrative Office Building. In 2002, the ODOC purchased the Central Oklahoma Correctional Facility, a privately operated facility, located in McLoud, Oklahoma, and in 2003 the MBCC relocated to this facility. The former MBCC was then converted to the Hillside Community Corrections Center(HCCC).

On April 25, 2013, HCCC was renamed the Kate Barnard Community Corrections Center to honor her role in ODOC history as depicted within this brochure.

# Mission

The mission of KBCCC is to successfully transition offenders back into the community by implementing proven evidence based practices in re-entry while at the same time protecting offenders, employees and the public.



Kate Barnard was an important figure in the history of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections. She was an active social reformer and the first female in the nation to be elected to a statewide office without a single female vote. She was elected the first Commissioner of the Department of Charities and Corrections (1907-1915) during a time when women were not allowed to vote in Oklahoma.

## OFFENDER PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES

**GIRL SCOUTS BEYOND BARS** is designed to connect young girls to their mothers who are incarcerated. The mothers and daughters are provided life skills training, parenting workshops, twelve-step programs and drug prevention programs.

### CO-OCCURRING DISORDER GROUP COUNSELING

The term co-occurring refers to offenders that have substance abuse and mental health issues at the same time. This group allows the offenders to talk about their issues and find help in finding solutions to the issues and at the same time learn ways to manage their symptoms as they begin the recovery process.

**THINKING FOR A CHANGE** addresses the offenders criminal thinking and helps them to identify triggers that lead to criminal behavior. When the offender can identify the trigger they can better prevent the criminal behavior.

**WORK RELEASE** provides offenders with an opportunity to seek, obtain and maintain employment in the community prior to release.

### ADULT BASIC EDUCATION(ABE)/ GENERAL EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT(GED)

ABE is available to offenders who indicate an overall accomplishment at or above 6th grade and below 9th grade. GED - Preparation for offenders who indicate an overall accomplishment at and/or above the 9th grade level and have not received a high school diploma.

### CAGE YOUR RAGE

by Murray C. Cullen Ph.D.

Provided by volunteer, The Cage Your Rage workbook is designed to help offenders who have difficulty with anger by examining what anger is, explaining its causes, and learning ways to manage it.

### REENTRY

As an offender nears the end of her incarceration, a reentry plan is developed. Attention is focused toward the offender's employment; housing, education, and substance abuse treatment and aftercare as well as family concerns. The offender is recommended for one of the following reentry options.

Community Corrections - Offenders eligible for Community Corrections prior to release will receive reentry services at KBCCC. Services include work programs, substance abuse aftercare, continuing education, transportation resources, and re-establishment of family/community ties.

Transitional Coordinator/Wraparound Process - The wraparound process is a tool aimed at reducing recidivism for high risk offenders with complex reentry needs. This process is based on a high individualized, strength-focused and family centered philosophy of care facilitated by our transitional coordinator. In wraparound, a team works to form a comprehensive plan to meet the identified needs, goals, and limitations of the offender and family using natural community supports and professional service providers.

# Community Corrections

The concept of community corrections has been well established in Oklahoma for some time. On March 18, 1970, the Oklahoma Crime Commission awarded the Department of Corrections a grant to open community treatment centers in the state. The first, Oklahoma City Community Treatment Center, was opened October of 1970. Since that time the Department of Corrections has introduced additional centers in Tulsa\*, Enid, Lawton, Muskogee\*, Oklahoma City, McAlester\* and Union City. All operate under guidelines set forth by state statutes, the Board of Corrections, and the policies of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections. Inherent in these guidelines is a basic philosophy of providing increased opportunities to offenders for engaging in responsible behaviors.

*\*Denotes community corrections centers no longer operating.*



Offender Health Fair