

# Shelter-in-Place

Since an emergency can happen at any time, it is important to prepare your kit in advance. Collect the following items and store them in your safest place where you plan to shelter:

- ✓ A flashlight with extra batteries
- ✓ Heavy blankets for protection from debris
- ✓ A NOAA weather radio with battery
- ✓ Bottled water
- ✓ Healthy, non-perishable food items
- ✓ A first-aid-kit



A shelter-in-place emergency will probably last only a few hours, so enough food and water for a week is not necessary. Be sure to take any necessary medicine with you to your shelter room.



## Child Safety in School

Attempting to pick up children from school during severe weather or a chemical emergency can be dangerous. You and your children could be exposed to the hazards while traveling to and from school. It is safer to leave your children at school where they will be instructed to follow the school's safety procedures until the danger has passed.

Extreme weather such as tornados and wind-storms pose a serious threat to buildings and their occupants.

Tornados strong enough to damage roofs, destroy mobile homes, snap or uproot large trees and turn debris into damaging windbourne missiles are common in Oklahoma.

FEMA, with help from the Wind Engineering Research Center of Texas Tech University, has developed designs for shelters called Saferooms that homeowners can build inside their houses.

The purpose of a Saferoom is to provide a space where you and your family can survive a tornado or severe windsorm with little or no injury. These shelters are designed to give protection from the forces of extreme winds as high as 250 mph, including the impact of windbourne debris.

## Do I need a Saferoom?

**Yes!** Your house was probably built in accordance with local building codes. However, a tornado can often cause winds much greater than those on which local building code requirements are based. Your house may be built "to code," but that does not mean it can withstand winds from extreme events.

# Saferooms Save Lives



## Basis of a Saferoom Design

You can build a Saferoom in one of several places in your house - in your basement, beneath a concrete foundation or garage floor or in an interior room on the first floor. Shelters built below ground level provide

the greatest protection, but above ground shelters can also save lives.

To protect occupants, a Saferoom must be able to withstand the forces exerted by high winds, even if the rest of the house is severely damaged or destroyed.

Therefore:

- ✓ The shelter must be adequately anchored to resist overturning and uplift.
- ✓ The walls, ceiling and door of the shelter must withstand wind pressure and resist penetration by windbourne debris.
- ✓ The connections between all parts of the shelter must be strong enough to resist the wind forces without failing.
- ✓ If sections of either the interior or exterior house walls are used as walls of the Saferoom, they must be separated from the structure of the house so that the damage to the house will not damage the shelter.

Want to learn more? *Taking Shelter From the Storm: Building a Saferoom Inside Your House*, (FEMA publication 320) is available at no cost by visiting [www.fema.gov](http://www.fema.gov).

The booklet provides information that you or your contractor will need to build a shelter that meets these requirements.